**Online supplementary material**

This appendix is a part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed.

Supplement to: Jung S and Park S. Positive association of unhealthy plant-based diets with the incidence of abdominal obesity: a comparison of baseline, most recent, and cumulative average diets

**Supplementary Material 1. Participant flow chart**

**Supplementary Material 2. Food items listed in the FFQ with 103 items and the FFQ with 106 items in the KoGES\_Ansan Ansung Study**

**Supplementary Material 3. Illustration of the three approaches for analyzing repeated dietary measurements in the KoGES Ansan and Ansung Study**

**Supplementary Material 4. Food items constituting the 17 food groups using the KoGES\_Ansan Ansung Study**

**Supplementary Material 5. Age- and sex-adjusted nutritional characteristics of the study participants according to 3 different plant-based diet indices (n=6054)**

**Supplementary Material 6. Age- and sex-adjusted food group intakes of the study participants according to 3 different plant-based diet indices (n=6054)**

**Supplementary Material 7. Adjusted HRs and 95% CIs for incident abdominal obesity according to the continuous uPDIs using restricted cubic splines**

**Supplementary Material 8. Hazard ratios (HRs) and 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for abdominal obesity according to the plant-based diet indices with salted vegetables categorized into the healthy plant food group (n=6054)**

**Supplementary Material 9. Hazard ratios (HRs) and 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for abdominal obesity according to plant-based diet indices after excluding incident cases of abdominal obesity occurring within the first two follow-up years (n=5538)**

**Supplementary Material 10. Hazard ratios (HRs) and 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for abdominal obesity according to the plant-based diet indices after excluding incident cases of hypertension, T2DM, dyslipidemia, and general obesity occurring before the development of abdominal obesity during the follow-up (n=5656)**



**Supplementary Material 7. Adjusted HRs and 95% CIs for incident abdominal obesity according to the continuous uPDIs using restricted cubic splines.**

(a) represent the results using baseline diet only. (b) represent the results using the most recent diet. (c) represent the results using the cumulative average diet. The solid red lines represent the adjusted HRs for incident abdominal obesity, modeled using restricted cubic splines with 4 knots (5th, 35th, 65th, 95th percentiles). The reference point was set at the 5th percentile. The dashed grey lines represent 95% confidence intervals. HRs were adjusted for age, sex, total energy intake, high school graduate, physical activity, current smoking, alcohol intake, and body mass index at baseline.

Abbreviations: BMI, body mass index; CI, confidence interval; HR, hazard ratio; uPDI, unhealthy plant-based diet index.